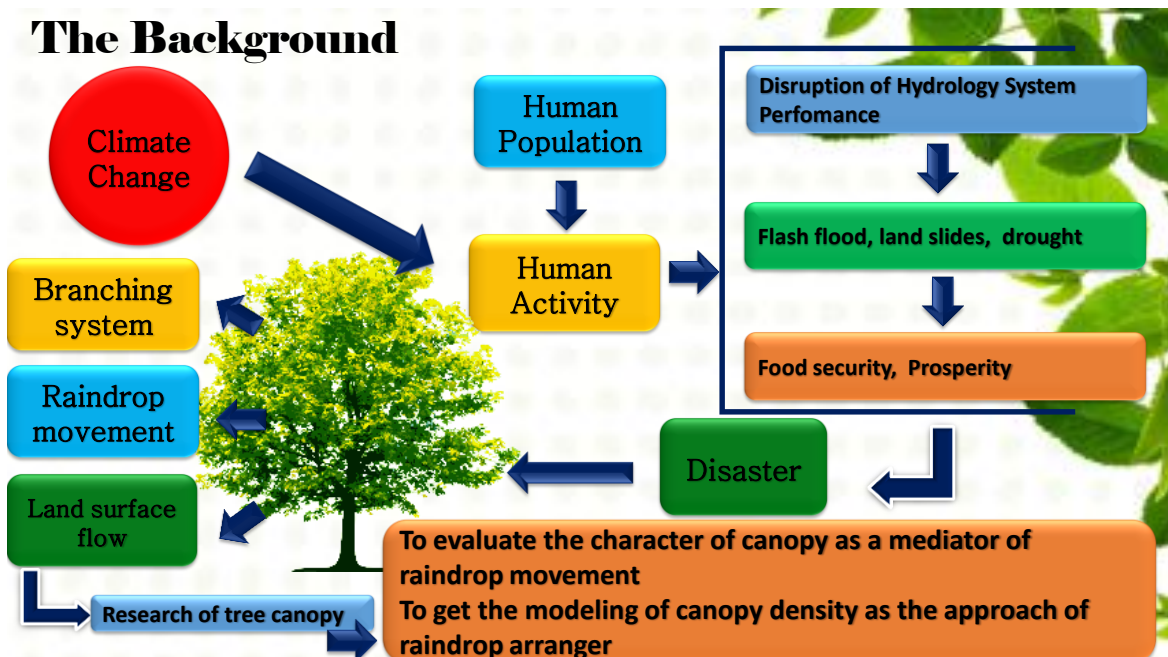


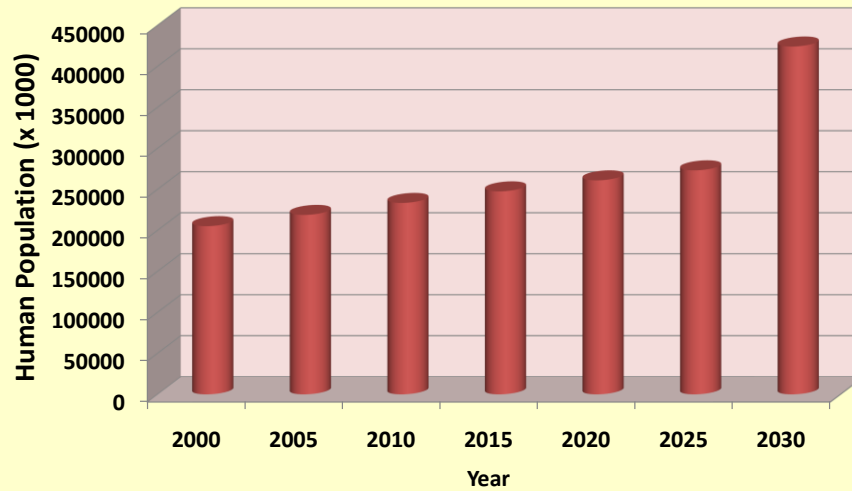
THE POTENCY OF TREES IN SUPPORTING HYDROLOGICAL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

MTh. SRI BUDIASTUTI

Faculty of Environment Sciences, Universitas Sebelas Maret, Indonesia



The Estimation of Human Population in Indonesia



Land Use Change



Water absorption area has changed to agricultural land in Darajat, Garut Regency West Java. Foto by Irfan Budi Pramono



Protected area in Darajat mountain, Karyamekar village, Pasirwangi district, Garut regency. This place is the sources of water that flows to Cikamiri (beritagar.id)



Land use change on the Biru Malang mountain area. (Mongobay.co.id)

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Land Use Change



The impact of deforestation in Central Kalimantan. Picture by Greenpeace



Deforestation in Kutai Kartanegara Regency , Forest has been changed to plantation. Picture by compas



Palm plantation on the upstream of Limboto Lake, Bongomeme Picture by Christopel Paino (Mongabay.co.id)

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Disruption of agricultural production



Drought in Padangpariaman West of Sumatera (antaranews.com).



Flooded in Paddy field (Cisaga district , Ciamis regency, on Sunday, October 9th 2016)



Important roles of Trees

Canopy architecture is a branch system that consists of branch, twig and leaves and determines the velocity of raindrop movement. Branching system describes the level of canopy density namely Canopy Density Index

The stability of soil structure is determined by tree with rooting system which spreads horizontally and vertically (Hairiah *et al.*, 2006)

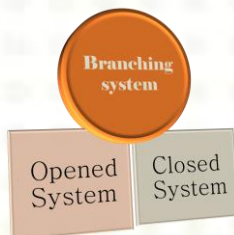


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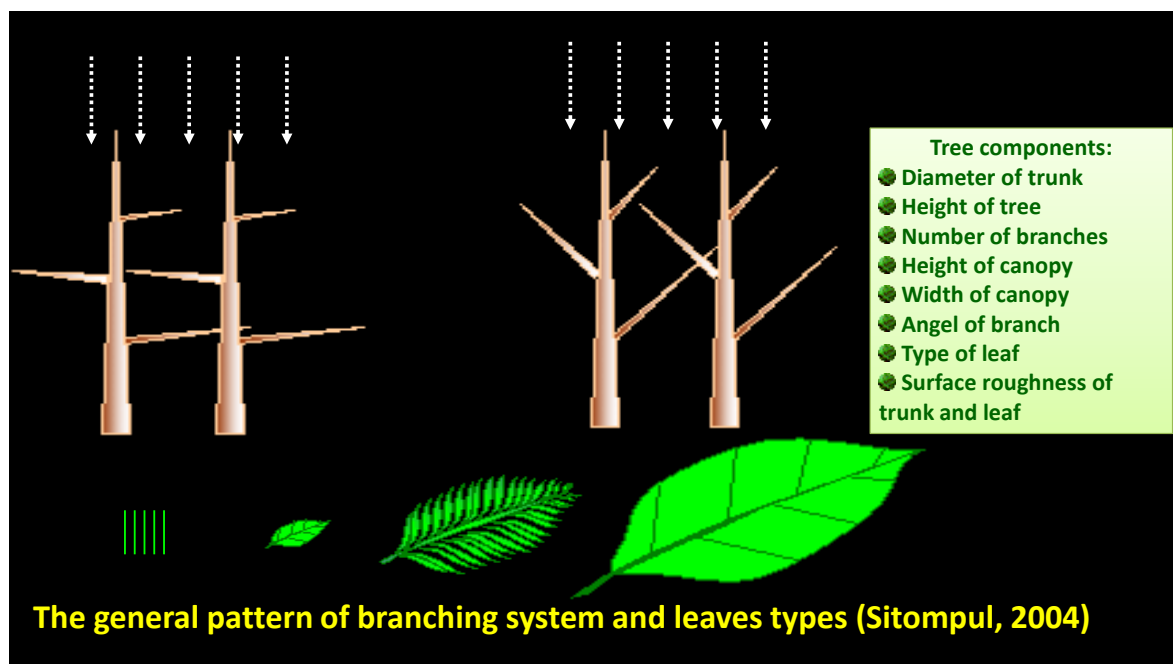
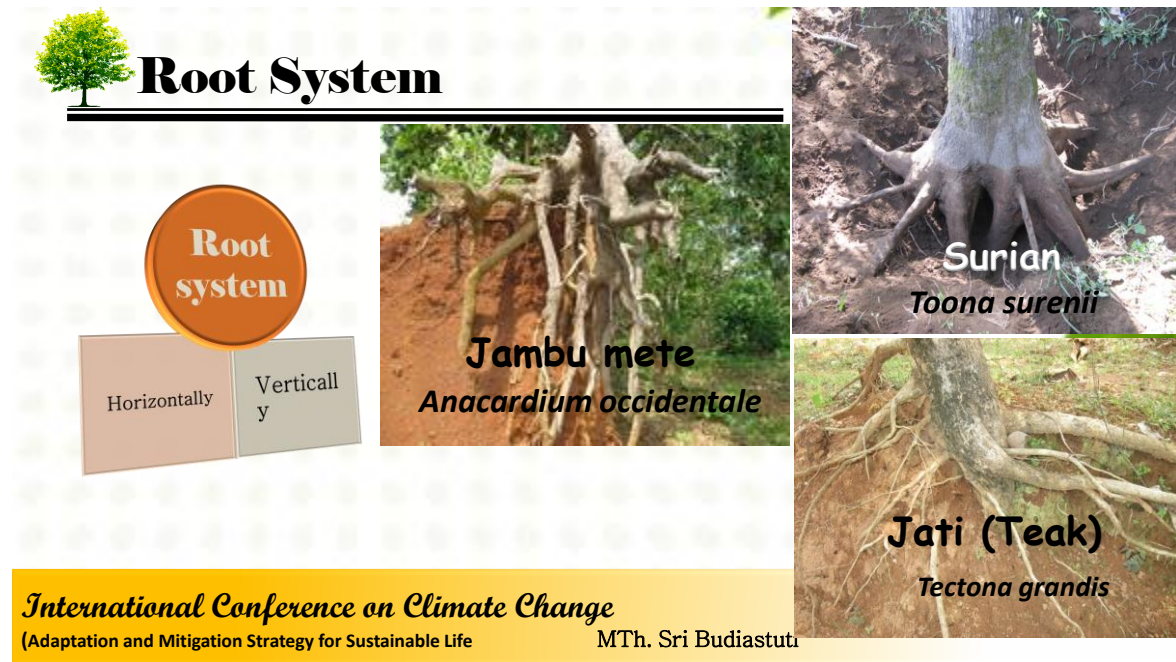


Branching System



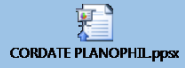
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CORDATE LEAVES AT ERECTOPHIL BRANCHES



CORDATE LEAVES AT PLANOPHIL BRANCHES



NEEDLE LEAVES AT ERECTOPHIL BRANCHES

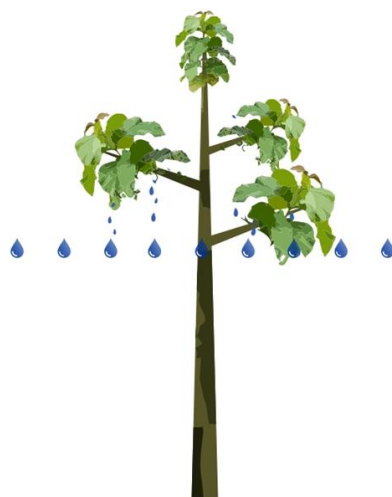


NEEDLE LEAVES AT PLANOPHIL BRANCHES

Cordate leaves at erectophil branches



Cordate leaves at planophil branches



Needle leaves at erectophil branches



Needle leaves at planophil branches



Canopy Density Index (CDI):

$$CDI = - \left(k \frac{3\xi}{\pi h^2 w^2} \right)$$

(Budiastuti, 2007)

k = constanta is based on relation between through fall
(mm) with rainfall (mm)

ξ = number of branches (unit/tree)

$\pi = 3.14$

h = height of canopy(m)

w = width of canopy (m)



Conclusion

The ideal type of tree is chosen by considering:

1. Specific micro climate
2. The level of canopy stratification
3. Root system condition
4. Market value

Mitigation